## **VECTOR ADDITION**

- Sketch a diagram for each problem, then solve it.
- 1. Two people are pushing a disabled car. One exerts a force of 200 N east, the other a force of 150 N east. What is the net force exerted on the car? (Assume friction to be negligible.)
- 2. Two soccer players kick a ball simultaneously from opposite sides. Red #3 kicks with 50 N of force while Blue #5 kicks with 63 N of force. What is the net force on the ball?
- 3. An airplane flies due north at 100 m/s through a 30 m/s cross wind blowing from the east to the west. Determine the resultant velocity of the airplane.
- 4. A mountain climbing expedition establishes a base camp and two intermediate camps, A and B. Camp A is 11,200 m east of and 3200 m above base camp. Camp B is 8400 m east of and 1700 m higher than Camp A. Determine the displacement between base camp and Camp B.
- 5. A plane flies with a velocity of 52 m/s east through a 12 m/s cross wind blowing the plane south. Find the magnitude and direction (relative to due east) of the resultant velocity at which it travels.
- 6. An ambitious hiker walks 25 km west and then 35 km south in a day. Find the magnitude and direction (relative to due west) of her resultant displacement.
- 7. A boat heads directly across a river with a velocity of 12 m/s. If the river flows at 6.0 m/s find the magnitude and direction (with respect to the shore) of the boat's resultant velocity.
- 8. I went for a walk the other day. I went four avenues east (0.80 miles), then twenty-four streets south (1.20 miles), then one avenue west (0.20 miles), and finally eight streets north (0.40 miles).
  - a. What distance did I travel?
  - b. What's my resultant displacement?
- 9. A plane intends to fly north with a speed of 250 m/s relative to the ground through a high altitude cross wind of 50 m/s coming from the east. Determine ...
  - a. the bearing that the plane should take (relative to due north) and
  - b. the plane's speed with respect to the air.
- 10. At a particular instant, a stationary observer on the ground sees a package falling from a moving airplane with a speed  $v_{\text{observer}}$  at an angle to the vertical. To the pilot flying horizontally at a constant speed relative to the ground the package appears to be falling vertically with a speed  $v_{\text{pilot}}$  at that same instant. What is the speed of the pilot relative to the ground in terms of the given quantities?